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APPLICATION NO	. 1	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/244,043		02/04/1999	HIRONORI KANNO	826.1535/JDH	3301	
21171	7590	05/20/2004		EXAMINER '		
STAAS & SUITE 700		Y LLP	HONG, STEPHEN S			
1201 NEW YORK AVENUE, N.W.				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
WASHINGTON, DC 20005				2178	Δ.	
,				DATE MAILED: 05/20/2004	₁₄ 29	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	09/244,043	KANNO ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	· (
	Stephen S. Hong	2178	,			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence addres	is			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a y within the statutory minimum of thi vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MOI , cause the application to become A	reply be timely filed rty (30) days will be considered timely. NTHS from the mailing date of this commu BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	nication.			
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 14 Fe	ebruary 2004.					
	action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) 3-10,12-14,16 and 17 is/are pending if 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5)□ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6)⊠ Claim(s) 3-10,12-14,16 and 17 is/are rejected. 7)□ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8)□ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	wn from consideration.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	epted or b) objected to drawing(s) be held in abeya ion is required if the drawing	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). g(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	•					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in A rity documents have beer u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	Application No received in this National Stag	ge			
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No	Summary (PTO-413) s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application (PTO-152 	:)			

Art Unit: 2178

DETAILED ACTION

- 1. This office action is responsive to Amendment E, filed February 17.
- 2. The rejection of claims 3-10, 12-14, 16, and 17 under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bretschneider et al (6,008,807) has been withdrawn as necessitated by the amendment.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

4. Claims 3-10, 12-14, 16, and 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bretschneider et al (6,008,807) in view of Mantha et al., (USPAT 6,163,779).

Art Unit: 2178

With respect to independent claim 17, and dependent claims 3-5 and 10,

Bretschneider discloses a "slide show presentation system"—refer to Bretschneider's abstract. Bretschneider describes Microsoft Corporation's "PowerPoint" application.

Bretschneider further discloses:

"browser unit to obtain web page information using address information defined on an information network, and to output the obtained information" and "storage unit to store a predetermined correspondence relationship between a plurality of pieces of address information of web page information and a plurality of sequence numbers representing a predetermined output sequence" at abstract (*browser mode*), figure 1, column 3 (line 65) through column 4 (line 23), and column 6 (lines 44-58).

Bretschneider discloses the computer used to execute the slide presentation program (columns 3-4). Bretschneider discloses a *permanent storage medium* 108 for storing the program and slide data. Refer also to Bretschneider's column 6 (lines 44-58), in which he discloses retrieving slide presentations from the Internet (hence, "web page information . . . defined on an information network").

"control unit to increment a control variable indicating one of the sequence numbers . . . ". Refer to Bretschneider's figures 9A-9C and column 10 (bottom) through column 13. (Note: there is a typographical error at the bottom of column 10—"6A-6C" should read "9A-9C".) Specifically, refer to Bretschneider's column 11 (lines 28-33), in which he discloses allow a slide presentation author to select slides that are to be

Art Unit: 2178

included in the slide show. Bretschneider allows the user to customize the slide show to include selected slides.

It is noted that Bretschneider fails to explicitly teach the "user-specified correspondence relationship between . . . address information and . . . sequence numbers". However, such a teaching would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention in view of Bretschneider's teaching of the custom presentation (figure 9A (922), column 11) because the user can choose which slides and in what sequence. Thus, there is an implied correspondence between the address of the slide and the "sequence number". In other words, the order of presentation of the slides implies the claimed "sequence numbers".

Furthermore, Bretschneider does not teach the two added features: first, that the storage unit is a bookmark storage unit; and second, that the browser is not connected to the internet when presenting the web page.

Nevertheless, the missing feature is taught by the prior art of Mantha. Mantha teaches the technology for "making a local copy of a Web page to facilitate client-side browsing of the page content (col.1, line 7). Mantha teaches that "copying or 'saving' a Web page onto a local storage to enable a user to browse the page at a subsequent time (col.1, line 62). Furthermore, Mantha teaches creating a bookmark storage storing the correspondence relationship between a plurality of pieces of address information of web page information and a plurality of sequence information (col. 2, lines 12-44). Thus, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have incorporated the feature of Mantha into Bretschneider, since Mantha

Art Unit: 2178

explicitly provided the motivation by teaching that the offline web page viewing technology allows the user to view the snapshot of the web site at any given point in time, and also allows the user to view the pages over and over again at later times (col.1, lines 40-55).

With respect to dependent claims 6-7, refer to Bretschneider's column 11 (lines 33-41). Bretschneider teaches optionally using preset timings to automatically advance slides in the slide show. As per claim 7, it is noted that Bretschneider does not explicitly teach "changes the time intervals according to each of the plurality of sequence numbers". Bretschneider does teach "Using timings". It is noted that this term is plural, i.e., timings—not timing. Thus, it appears that Bretschneider teaches separate time intervals for individual slides. However, even if this were not the case, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to provide variable time intervals because it was well known at the time of the invention that some slides could be skimmed over quickly, while others would warrant more time.

With respect to dependent claims 8-9, refer to Bretschneider's column 11 (lines 11-27), in which he discloses narrations. It is noted that Bretschneider fails to teach "music". However, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to include "music" because "narrations" broadly reads on any audio annotation, including music or other sound effects. Since Bretschneider allows for narrations, then a sound card is implied, which indicates that other forms of audio

Art Unit: 2178

annotation would be possible (and desirable, depending on what the user would want to include in the presentation).

With respect to dependent claim 16, Bretschneider's disclosure of automatic advancement via predetermined time intervals provides a teaching of "does not require manual advancement"—column 11, lines 33 et seq.

With respect to independent claims 12-14, refer to the rationale relied upon in rejecting independent claim 17. Claims 12 and 13 are essentially directed to "computer-readable storage medium which stores a program for causing a computer to perform" steps corresponding to the functions set forth in claim 17. Claim 14 is a "slide show method" for preparing and presenting a slide show that essentially corresponds with the functions set forth in claim 17.

Response to Arguments

5. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 3-10, 12-14, 16, and 17 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

As explained in the rejections above, the Mantha et al. reference has been incorporated into the rejection to address the claimed feature of the offline browsing.

On page 7 of the amendment, Applicant presents four reasons why this office action should be made non-final. Examiner has considered the request. However, the request is denied. The first, second and fourth reasons are either typographical errors or

Art Unit: 2178

is an issue moot in view of the new ground of rejection. In other words, the fact that the previous cancelled claim 11 is listed as a rejected claim does not affect the merits of the rejections of the claims that are presently pending. The typographical errors are simply corrected.

The third reason could have been the reason for making the present action non-final if it were a valid reason. Applicant states "the examiner did not list his detailed reasons for rejecting dependent claims 3-5 and 10." If examiner had not addressed claims 3-5 and 10 in the previous office action, the rejection in the present office action would have been based on the new ground of rejections <u>not necessitated</u> the Applicant's amendments. Since the office action with any new ground of rejection can only be made final if the new ground was necessitated by the amendment, this office action would have resulted in a non-final action. However, the Applicant's allegation that claims 3-5 and 10 were not listed in the detailed rejection in the last office action is in error. Note that on page 2 of the last office action, in the last paragraph, Examiner explicitly states that said claims are rejected in the detailed rejections, i.e., "With respect to independent claim 17, and dependent claims 3-5 and 10-11..."

Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Stephen S. Hong whose telephone number is (703) 308-5465. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday to Friday, 9:00am to 6:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Heather Herndon can be reached on (703) 308-5186. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 305-3900.

Stephen Hong Primary Examiner

Art Unit 2178 May 2, 2004